

H U F

H U L

H U M

The custom they had of giving the colour of the sea to the
bulks, fails, and mariners of their spy-boats, to keep them
 from being discovered, came from the Veneti. *Arbutnot.*

They Argo's *bulk* will tax,
 And scrape her pitchy fides for wax. *Swift.*

The footy *bulk*
 Steer'd fluggish on. *Thomson's Autumn.*

2. Any thing bulky and unwieldy. This sense is still retained
 in Scotland: as, a *bulk* of a fellow.

And Harry Monmouth's brawn, the *bulk* fir John,
 Is prisoner to your ton. *Shakespeare's Henry IV. p. ii.*

To *HULK*. *v. a.* To exonerate: as, to *hulk* a hare. *Ainsw.*

HULL. *n. f.* [*Bulgan*, Gothick, to cover.]
 1. The *hulk* or integument of any thing; the outer covering:
 as, the *hull* of a nut covers the shell. [*Hale*, Scotch.]
 2. The body of a ship; the *hulk*. *Hull* and *bulks* are now com-
 founded; but *bulks* seems originally to have signified not merely
 the body or hull, but a whole ship of burden, heavy and
 bulky.

Deep in their *bulks* our deadly bullets light,
 And through the yielding planks a passage find. *Dryden.*
 So many arts hath the Divine Wisdom put together, only
 for the *bulk* and tackle of a fenible and thinking creature.
Greiv's Colmel. Sac. b. i. c. 5.

To *HULL*. *v. n.* [from the noun.] To float; to drive to and
 fro upon the water without falls or rudder.

They saw a sight full of piteous strangeness; a ship, or ra-
 ther the carcase of the ship, or rather some few bones of the
 carcase, *hulling* there, part broken, part burned, and part
 drowned. *Sidney.*

Will you hoist fail, sir? here lies your way.
 —No, good swabber, I am to *bulk* here a little longer. *Shak.*
 He look'd, and saw the ark *bulk* on the flood,
 Which now abated. *Milton's Parad. Lost, b. xi.*

People walking down upon the shore, saw somewhat come
hulling toward them. *L'Estrange.*

HULLY. *adj.* [from *hull*.] Siliqueose; hulky. *Ainsworth.*

HULLER. *n. f.* Holly.

Save *hulvor* and thorn, thereof flail for to make. *Tusser.*

To *HUM*. *v. a.* [*hummelen*, Dutch.]

1. To make the noise of bees.

The *humming* of bees is an unequal buzzing. *Eacon.*
 An airy nation flew,
 Thick as the *humming* bees that hunt the golden dew
 In Summer's heat. *Dryden's Æn. b. vi.*

So weary bees in little cells repose;
 But if night-robbers lift the well-flor'd hive,
 An *humming* through their waxen city grows. *Dryden.*

2. To make an inarticulate and buzzing found.

I think he'll hear me: yet to bite his lip,
 And *hum* at good Cominius, much unhearts me. *Shakesp.*
 Upon my honour, sir, I heard a *humming*.
 And that a strange one too, which did awake me. *Shakesp.*
 The cloudy messenger turns me his back,
 And *hums*; as who should say, you'll rue. *Shakesp. Macbeth.*

3. To pause in speaking, and supply the interval with an au-
 dible emission of breath.

Having pump'd up all his wit,
 And *hum'd* it upon it, thus he writ. *Hudibras, p. iii.*
 I still acquiesc,
 And never *hum'd* d and haw'd fedition,
 Nor snuffed treason. *Hudibras, p. iii. cant. 2.*

The man lay *humming* and having a good while; but, in
 the end, he gave up himself to the physicians. *L'Estrange.*

Still *humming* on, their drowsily course they keep,
 And last'd so long, like tops, are last'd asleep. *Pope.*

4. To ting low.

The musical accents of the Indians, to us, are but inarticu-
 late *humming*s; as are ours to their otherwise tuned or-
 gans. *Glavro. Apol. Pope.*

Hum half a tune.

5. To applaud. Approbation was commonly expressed in pub-
 lic assemblies by a *hum*, about a century ago.

HUM. *n. f.* [from the verb.]

1. The noise of bees or insects.

To black Hecate's summons
 The shard-born beetle, with his drowsy *hums*,
 Hath rung night's yawning pal. *Shakespeare's Macbeth.*
 Nor undelightful is the careless *hum*,
 To whom who mufes through the woods at noon. *Thomson.*

2. The noise of buffing crows.

From camp to camp, through the foul womb of night,
 The *hum* of either army stilly sounds. *Shakesp. Hen. V.*
 Tower'd cities please us then,
 And the busy *hum* of men. *Milton.*

One theatre there is of vast report,
 Which whilome of requests was call'd the court;
 But now the great exchange of news 'tis hight,
 And full of *hum* and buz from noon 'till night. *Dryden.*

3. Any low dull noise.

Who fat the nearest, by the words o'ercome,
 Slept fast; the distant nodded to the *hum*. *Pope's Dunciad.*

H U M

4. A pause within an inarticulate found.
These thrugs, these *hum*, and haws, and
When you have laid the's goodly, come between,
'Ere you can say the's honest. *Shakef. Winter's Tale.*
Your excus will want some grains to make 'em current; *hum*
and ha will not do the business. *Dryden's Spanish Fryar.*

5. In *Humdrum* it seems used for *ham*.
And though his countrymen the Huns,
Did sew their meat between their *hum*s
And the horses backs o'er which they straddle,
And ev'ry man eat up his saddle. *Humdrum, p. i. cant. II.*

6. An expression of applause.
You hear a *hum* in the right place. *Spectator.*
Hum. interject. A sound implying doubt and deliberation.
Let not your ears despise the heaviest found
That ever yet they heard.
—*Hum!* I gues at it. *Shakespeare's Macbeth.*
See fir Robert—*hum!* *Pope.*
And never laugh for all my life to come.

HUMAN, adj. [*humanus*, Latin; *humain*, French.]

1. Having the qualities of a man.
It will not be asked whether he be a gentleman born, but
whether he be a *human* creature. *Swift.*

2. Belonging to man.
The king is but a man as I am: the violet smells to him as it
doth to me; all his senses have but *human* conditions. *Shakef.*
For man to tell how *human* life began
Is hard; for wha himself beginning knew? *Milton's P. L.*
There, serpent, subtil'st beast of all the field,
I knew; but not with *human* voice indu'd. *Milt. Par. Lost.*
Intuitive knowledge needs no probation, nor can have any,
this being the highest of all *human* certainty. *Locke.*

HUMANÉ, adj. [*humaine*, French.] Kind; civil; benevolent;
good-natur'd.
I love of others, if it be not spent upon a few, doth naturally
spread itself towards many, and maketh men become *humane*
and charitable. *Bacon's i. Essays.*
Envy, malice, covetousness and revenge are abolished: a
new race of virtues and graces, more divine, more moral,
more *humane*, are planted in their stead. *Spratt's Sermons.*

HUMANELY, adv. [from *humane*.] Kindly; with good-nature.
If they would yield us the superfluity, while it were whole-
some, we might gues they relieved us *humanely*. *Shakespeare.*

HUMANIST, n. f. [*humaniste*, French.] A philologist; a gram-
marian.

HUMANITY, n. f. [*humanité*, French; *humanitas*, Latin.]

1. The nature of man.
Look to thyself; reach not beyond *humanity*. *Sidney.*
A rarer spirit never did reach *humanity*. *Shakespeare.*
The middle of *humanity* thou never knewest, but the extre-
mity of both ends. *Shakef. Timon of Athens.*
To preserve the Hebrew intire and uncorrupt, there hath
been used the highest caution *humanity* could invent. *Brewm.*

2. Humankind; the collective body of mankind.
If he can untie those knots, he is able to reach all *humanity*,
and will do well to oblige mankind by his informations. *Glan.*

3. Benevolence; tenderness.
All men ought to maintain peace, and the common offices
of *humanity* and friendship in diversity of opinions. *Locke.*
How few, like thee, enquire the wretched out,
And count the offices of soft *humanity*?
Like thee reserve their raiment for the naked,
Reach out their bread to feed the crying orphan,
Or mix their pitying tears with those that weep? *Rowe.*

4. Philology; grammatical studies.
To *HUMANIZE, v. a.* [*humanizer*, French.] To soften; to
make susceptible of tenderness or benevolence.
Here will I paint the characters of woe,
And here my faithful tears in showers shall flow,
To *humanize* the flints whercon I tread. *Wotton.*
Was it the business of magic to *humanize* our natures with
compassion, forgiveness, and all the influences of the most ex-
tensive charity? *Addison on the Christian Religion.*

HUMANKIND, n. f. [*human and kind*.] The race of man;
mankind.
Blest with a taste exact, yet unconfin'd;
A knowledge both of books and *humankind*. *Pope.*

HUMANLY, adv. [from *human*.]

1. After the notions of men; according to the power of men.
Thus the present happy prospect of our affairs, *humanly*
speaking, may seem to promise. *Atterbury.*

2. Kindly; with good-nature. This should be *humanely*.
Though learn'd, well bred; and though well bred, sincere;
Modestly bold, and *humanely* severe. *Pope's Ep. on Criticism.*

HUMBLY, n. f. [from *hum and bird*.] The humming bird.
All ages have conceived the wren the least of birds,
yet our own plantations have shewed us one far less; that is,
the *humbird*, not much exceeding a beetle. *Brewm's Vulg. Err.*

HUMBLE, adj. [*humile*, French; *humilis*, Latin.]

1. Not proud; modest; not arrogant.
And mighty proud to *humble* weak does yield. *Fairy Qu.*

II P